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# NATIONAL INTERNET EXCHANGE OF INDIA INCUBE BUSINESS CENTRE, 5<sup>th</sup> FLOOR, 18, NEHRU PLACE NEW DELHI-110 019

Google Inc., U.S.A. v. Vaibhav Jain

#### **AWARD**

#### 1. The Parties

The Complainant is Google Inc., 1600 Amphitheatre Parkway, Mountain view, California - 94043, U.S.A.

The Respondent/Registrant is Mr. Vaibhav Jain, LDA Colony, Lucknow - 226 017, U.P., India

# 2. The Domain Name and Registrar

The disputed domain name is <<u>www.google-money-system.in</u>>. The said domain name is registered with IN Domain Name Registry.

#### 3. Procedural History

A Complaint dated February 5, 2010 has been filed with the National Internet Exchange of India. The Complainant has made the registrar verification in connection with the domain name at issue. The print out so received is enclosed with the Complaint as Exhibit B. It is confirmed that the Respondent is listed as the registrant and the contact details for the administrative, billing, and technical contact for the disputed domain name are that of the Respondent. The Exchange verified that the Complaint satisfied the formal requirements of the Indian Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy (INDRP) (the "Policy") and the Rules framed thereunder.

The Exchange appointed Dr. Vinod K. Agarwal, Advocate & Solicitor, and former Law Secretary to the Government of India as the sole arbitrator in this matter on February 16, 2010. The arbitrator finds that he was properly appointed. The Arbitrator has submitted the Statement of Acceptance and Declaration of Impartiality and Independence, as required by the Exchange.

In accordance with the Rules, the Exchange through an e mail dated 2<sup>nd</sup> April 2009 formally notified the Respondent of the Complaint along with all its annexure.

The sole arbitrator also through a registered letter dated 3<sup>rd</sup> March 2010 forwarded a copy of the Complaint to the Respondent Mr. Vaibhav Jain. The Respondent was required to submit his defence within 15 days from the date of receipt of the Complaint, that is, by 24<sup>rh</sup> March 2010. The Respondent was informed that if his response were not received by that date, he would be considered in default. The Respondent did not submit any response.

### 4. Factual Background

From the Complaint and the various annexure to it, the Arbitrator has found the following facts:

The Complainants business under the name "GOOGLE" was established in 1997 under the laws of California. Further that the complainant's website <www.google.com> was registered on September 15, 1997 and is recognized worldwide as the largest search engine in various countries of the world. It also provides easy to use free service that returns relevant results within seconds. On the

Complainant's website the users can check information on various multiple subjects. The said website also provides opportunity to deliver measurable, cost effective online advertising. The complainant also provides a number of software applications including 'GOOGLE DESKTOP' search software, etc.

## Respondent's activities

The Respondent did not file any reply to the Complaint. Hence, the Respondent's activities are not known.

#### **Parties Contentions**

## A. Complainant

The complainant contends that each of the elements specified in Article 4 of the Policy are applicable to this dispute.

In relation to element (i) that is, the Respondent's domain name is identical or confusingly similar to a name, trademark or service mark in which the Complainant has rights, the Complainant contends that it is known amongst its customers worldwide as GOOGLE. Further that, by offering similar services in an very much format it can be concluded that the Respondent's intention is to take advantage of the goodwill and reputation enjoyed by the Complainant's trademark/domain name GOOGLE. The mere addition of letters "money or system" to google does not differentiate the two domain names.

In relation to element (ii) that is, the Respondent has no rights and legitimate interests in respect of the domain name, the Complainant contends that the Respondent (as an individual, business or other organization) has not been commonly known by the name or mark GOOGLE. Further that, the Respondent is not making a legitimate or fair use of the said domain name for obtaining goods or services. The Respondent registered the said domain name for the sole purpose of creating confusion and misleading the general public and the customers/users of the Complainant's domain name.

Regarding the element at (iii), that is, the Respondent's domain name has been registered or is being used in bad faith, the Complainant contends that the main object of registering the domain name <a href="https://www.google-money-system.in">www.google-money-system.in</a> by the Respondent is to earn profit

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and to mislead the general public and the customers/users of the Complainant's domain name. The Complainant has stated that the use of the domain name that appropriates the well known name or mark to promote competing or infringing products cannot be considered a "bona fide offering of goods and services".

### **B.** Respondent

The Respondent did not file any reply to the Complainant. Hence, the Respondent's contentions are not known.

### 6. Discussion and Findings

The Rules instructs this Arbitrator as to the principles to be used in rendering its decision. It says that, "an arbitrator shall decide a complaint on the basis of the statements and documents submitted to it and in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996, Dispute Resolution Policy, the Rules of Procedure and any bye-laws, rues and guidelines framed there under and any law that the Arbitrator deems to be applicable."

According to the .In Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy, the Complainant must prove that:

- (i) The Respondent's domain name is identical or confusingly similar to a name, trademark or service mark in which the Complainant has rights;
- (ii) The Respondent has no right or legitimate interests in respect of the domain name; and
- (iii) The Respondent's domain name has been registered or is being used in bad faith.

### A. Identical or confusingly similar

The Complainant has obtained trademark registration for its mark "GOOGLE" in many countries of the world. In India, the Complainant's mark "GOOGLE" was registered on March 12, 1999 under No. 845041 in respect of class 09 items, namely, "Computer hardware, computer software for searching, compiling, indexing and organizing information within individual workstations, Personal computer or computer networks; Computer software for electronic

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mail and facilitating workgroup communications over computer networks; computer software for creating indexes of information's, websites or other resources and all other goods included in class 9."

The Complainant's trademark "GOOGLE" is also registered/pending registration in many countries including Australia, African Intellectual property organization, Algeria, Argentina, Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Republic of Korea, Egypt, Fiji, France, Ghana, Hong Kong, Hungary, Indonesia, Iran, Israel, Japan, Malaysia, Netherlands, United kingdom, etc. A full list of such countries is given in Annexure to the Complaint.

The present dispute pertains to the domain name < www.google-money-system.in >. The Complainant has business interests in many countries and it uses the trade name GOOGLE in these countries. The Complainant's mark and domain name GOOGLE is a coined word and highly distinctive in nature. As such, consumers looking for GOOGLE may instead reach the Registrant's website. Therefore, I hold that the domain name < www.google-money~system.in > is confusingly similar to the Complainant's trademark.

### **B.** Rights or Legitimate Interests

According to the Policy, the Registrant may demonstrate its rights or legitimate interest in the domain name by proving any of 1 following circumstances:

- (i) before any notice to the Registrant of the dispute, the Registrant's use of, or demonstrable preparations to use, the domain name or a name corresponding to the domain name in connection with a *bona fide* offering of goods or services;
- (ii) the Registrant (as an individual, business or other organization) has been commonly known by the domain name, even if the Registrant has acquired no trademark or service mark rights; or



(iii) The Registrant is making a legitimate non-commercial or fair use of the domain name, without intent for commercial gain to misleadingly divert consumers or to tarnish the trademark or service mark at issue.

The Respondent has registered the disputed domain name on 17<sup>th</sup> August 2009 and the said registration was valid for one year, that is, up to 16th August 2010. It is not known whether the Respondent has renewed the registration of the said disputed domain name.

The Respondent has not filed any response in this case. There is no evidence to suggest that the Respondent has become known by the disputed name 'google' anywhere in the world. GOOGLE is the name and mark of the Complainant. It is evident that the Respondent can have no legitimate interest in the domain name. Further, the Complainant has not licensed or otherwise permitted the Respondent to use its name or trademark or to apply for or use the domain name incorporating said name. Based on the default and the evidence adduced by the Complainant, it is concluded that the above circumstances do not exist in this case and that the Respondent has no rights or legitimate interests in the disputed domain name. I, therefore, find that the Respondent has no rights or legitimate interests in the domain names.

#### C. Registered and Used in Bad Faith

Any of the following circumstances, in particular but without limitation, shall be considered evidence of the registration or use of the domain name in bad faith:

(i) Circumstances indicating that the Registrant has registered or acquired the domain name primarily for the purpose of selling, renting, or otherwise transferring the domain name registration to the Complainant, who bears the name or is the owner of the trademark or service mark or to a competitor of that Complainant, for valuable consideration in excess of documented out of pocket costs directly related to the domain name; or

- (ii) The Registrant has registered the domain name in order to prevent the owner of the trademark or service mark from reflecting the mark in a corresponding domain name, provided that the Registrant has engaged in a pattern of such conduct: or
- (iv) By using the domain name, the Registrant has intentionally attempted to attract internet users to the Registrant's website or other on-line location, by creating a likelihood of confusion with the Complainant's name or mark as to the source, sponsorship, affiliation, or endorsement of the Registrant's website or location or of a product or service on its website or location.

The contention of the Complainant is that the present case is covered by the above circumstances. There are circumstances indicating that the Respondent has intentionally attempted to attract, internet users to its web sites, by creating a likelihood of confusion with the Complainant's mark as to the source, sponsorship, affiliation or endorsement of its web sites. Further, the Complainant has submitted that the registration of the domain name <<u>www.google-money-system.in</u>> cannot be incidental. The intention of the Respondent is primarily to register the domain name so as to offer it to a third party for sale. Therefore, the registration of the disputed domain name is in bad faith.

The Complainant has also sent a Cease and Desist notice to the Respondent on the contact details provided in the WHOIS records. However, the Respondent has failed to respond to the Complainant's notice, or to take any steps to transfer the disputed domain name to the Complainant.

The foregoing circumstances lead to the presumption that the domain name in dispute was registered and used by the Respondent in bad faith. As the Respondent has failed to rebut this presumption, I conclude that the domain name was registered and used in bad faith.

#### 7. Decision

In the light of the foregoing findings, namely, that the disputed domain name is confusingly similar to the domain name of the Complainant in which the Complainant has rights, that the Respondent has no rights or legitimate interests in respect of the disputed domain name, and that the disputed domain name was registered in bad faith, in accordance with the Policy and the Rules, the Arbitrator orders that the domain name <a href="https://www.google-monev-system.in">www.google-monev-system.in</a>> be transferred to the Complainant.

Vinod K. Agarwal March 24, 2010

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After the above decision was e mailed to NIXI and before the hard copy could be posted, an e mail has been received from the Respondent. A copy of the said e mail is attached with this decision. In the said e mail no point has been raised which may require any change in the decision.

Vinod K. Agarwal
April 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2010